# Relationship Between Teacher Participation in CCRS Professional Development and Educational Functioning Level Gains: 2015-16 through 2018-19

December 14, 2020



# **Project Team**

- Amanda Harrison
- Christine Houck
- Cathy Kassab



### Research Question

- Are students of teachers who participated in formal College and Career Readiness professional development (CCRS PD) more likely to make educational functioning level (EFL) gains than other students?
- Does the relationship between CCRS PD and EFL gains vary by type of program?



# Study Design

- Descriptive exploratory study
- Longitudinal
  - Four years of student data (2015-2019)
    - 33,415 students with pretest and posttest
  - Four years of teacher PD data (2014-2018)
    - 389 participated in CCRS PD



### **Data Collection**

- Teacher participation databases
- eData
  - Student assessment data
    - Pretest and posttest
    - EFL gain, yes/no
    - Amount EFL gain (0-6)
  - Teacher/student class assignment



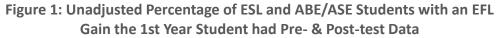
### Results

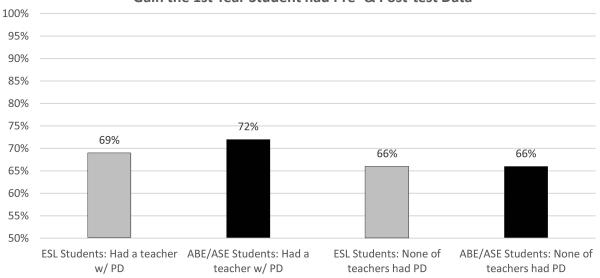
- Baseline equivalence
  - Students who had one or more teachers with PD differed significantly at baseline from those who did not have a teacher with PD
    - Pretest EFL
    - Number of teachers
    - Number of years in database



# Results – looking at first year of pre/post

 Students who had one or more teachers with CCRS PD were more likely to have an EFL gain than students who did not have a class with a teacher with CCRS PD



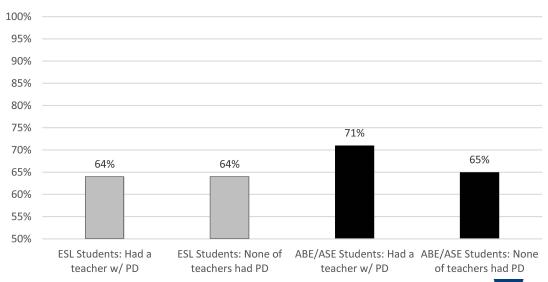




# Results – looking at last year of pre/post

- ABE/ASE students with a PD teacher were more likely to have an EFL gain than ABE/ASE students who did not have a PD teacher
- ESL students with a PD teacher were no more likely to have an EFL gain than those who did not have a PD teacher

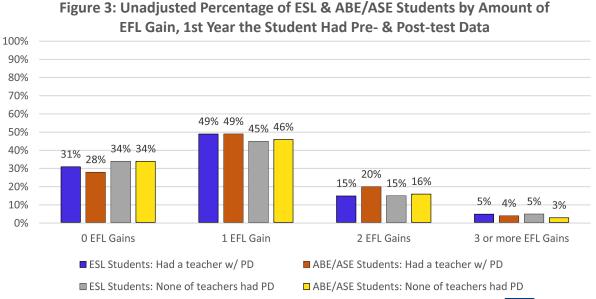
Figure 2: Unadjusted Percentage of ESL & ABE/ASE Students with an EFL Gain the Last Year the Student Had Pre- & Post-test Data





### Results – amount of EFL gain

- For ABE/ASE students, having one or more teachers who participated in the PD was related to the amount of the EFL gain
- For ESL students, having one or more teacher with PD was unrelated to the amount of the EFL gain.



# Results – percentage of PD teachers

- ABE/ASE students who had a higher percentage of teachers with the PD had greater EFL gains
- For ESL students, the percentage of teachers with the PD was not related to the amount of the EFL gain



### Results – amount of participation in PD

- If include all ABE/ASE, amount of PD seems to have a relationship with EFL gain
- If exclude students with teachers who did not have PD, positive association disappears
- Needs more analysis



# Results summary

- ABE/ASE students with PD teachers were more likely to have an EFL gain/greater gains than students who did not take a class with a teacher who had the PD
- ESL students who had one or more teachers with the PD were more likely to have an EFL gain than those who were not in a class with a teacher who participated in the PD
- ABE/ASE who had a greater proportion of teachers with the PD were more likely to have EFL gains
- ABE/ASE students were more likely to experience an EFL gain or to experience a greater amount of EFL gain than ESL students if they had a teacher with the PD
- Amount of the PD was not positively associated with EFL gains or the amount of the EFL gain for students who had one or more teachers with the PD



### Limitations

- Other factors to consider
  - Full-time vs. part-time teachers
  - Years' experience
  - Student barriers we controlled for student entry level variability, but not barriers.
  - Distinguish between type of PD (f2f, institute, webinar-based, JEPD, PLCs)



### **Next Steps**

- Use same data set to dig in a little more, look at some additional factors
  - Investigate negative relationship
- Look at other outcomes (employment, HSE)
- Include ELPs PD and look at ESL teachers specifically
- Another state do our same study?