



Logic Model for Program Evaluation

Topic or Problem:

Topic or Problem Question:

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Goal

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INPUTS	OUTPUTS		OUTCOMES		
	Activities	Participants	Short-term	Intermediate	Long-term
<p>Inputs are resources used by the program.</p>	<p>Activities are what the program does with its inputs to fulfill its mission.</p>	<p>Participants refers to clients/customers reached by program.</p>	<p>Outcomes are the results of your program. They are the changes that take place during or after the program for individuals, groups, communities, or organizations. These changes can take place over the short, intermediate, or long-term. Long-term outcomes are sometimes referred to as Impacts.</p>		
<p>Examples: program staff, funding, time, external partners, materials</p>	<p>Examples: events, informational materials, products, workshops, trainings, conferences, exhibits, curricula</p>		<p>Examples of short/intermediate-term outcomes: knowledge, attitudes, awareness, opinions, skills, behavior</p>	<p>Examples of long-term outcomes: educational, environmental quality, or human health improvements</p>	

ASSUMPTIONS	EXTERNAL FACTORS
<p>Assumptions are the principles, ideas, or beliefs you hold and what you understand to be true and effective about your services.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1.2.	<p>External factors are things or situations that may support or impede success.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1.2.